



## 'ALĪŠĀH BOḶĀRĪ

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'ALĪŠĀH B. MOḶAMMAD B. AL-QĀSEM AL-ḶĀRAZMĪ AL-BOḶĀRĪ, known also as 'ALĀ' or 'ALĀ'-AL-DĪN AL-MONAJJEM, 7th/13th century astronomer. From autobiographical references it is known that 'Alīšāh journeyed to Samarqand with his father, a merchant, and returned to Bokhara at the age of thirty-six in 659/1260-61; after the sack of Bokhara by Abāqā's army in 671/1272-73, he retired to Iraq but was not able to leave Baghdad till 690/1291. He wrote the following works, all in Persian: *Ašjār o aṭmār* (Trees and fruits), an astrological work in five sections dedicated to the vizier Šams-al-dīn MoḶammad b. Sayf-al-dīn AḶmadšāh b. Badr-al-dīn Mobārakšāh and composed fifteen years after the sack of Bokhara. The *Ašjār o aṭmār* was published in Lucknow in 1903 with the title *Ṭamara-ye šajāra-ye nojūm* (Storey) or *Aṭmār al-šajār* (Mošār, *Fehrest*, col. 112). *AḶkām al-a'wām* (Judgments of years) in two treatises, composed in or shortly after 1291. *Al-'Omdat al-Īlkānīya* (The Il-khanid principle), also called the *Zīj-e šāhī*, an abridgment of the *Zīj-e Īlkānī*, which was completed by Našīr-al-dīn Ṭūsī under Abāqā (663-80/1256-82).

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Storey, II/1, pp. 59, 61-62.



H. Suter, *Die Mathematiker und Astronomen der Araber und ihre Werke*,  
Leipzig, 1900, p. 161.